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1. SYRIA CONCENTRATES FORCES ON ISRAELI BORDER

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OUNEITRA BANAT YACOV HAIFA S Y R I A	transp	of Syria's weakness in ort and Israel's capability
HAIFA S Y R I A Desilitarized FIG		rdicting the roads in case ties should break out.
IRBID	bilizat	a secret ''all-out'' mo- ion has been ordered.
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mains to cope with the eve	entuality (no reserve re- of a major Israeli break-
through.	Syı	rian public opinion never-
theless demanded that a n	naximum	force be at the frontier.
	reflects son or aborion and ir ion and ir w in majo The Israe	or units and thus lead to lis are almost certainly

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2.	USTRIAN FOREIGN MINISTER CONTEMPLATING	ž
	PROTEST TO BONN ON BALLOON OVERFLIGHTS	;

Austrian foreign minister Figl told American officials in Vienna on 23 February he was contemplating a protest to the West German govern-

ment on propaganda balloon overflights of Austrian territory. He referred to charges in the Soviet press that the United States had violated Austrian neutrality by troop movements and overflights of military planes and balloons. He said he would deny the charge on troop movements and hoped to avoid commenting on overflights, but added that the balloon issue was a very uncomfortable one for Austria.

American officials believe the balloons are not only embarrassing the Austrian government but are causing anti-American feeling in Austria and that Austria might terminate Radio Free Europe activities there.

Comment

Vienna is very sensitive to any criticism of Austria's conduct of its policy of neutrality. Action against Radio Free Europe would offset the expulsion of the Communist-sponsored World Federation of Trade Unions early this month. A protest to Bonn would counter Soviet charges that Austria's neutrality is being violated without protest from Vienna.

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3. PROLONGED VIET MINH DROUGHT MAY RUIN SPRING CROP

	Showing no signs of a letup
widespread repla the allocation of	after 16 months of drought and two years of crop failures, the severe shortage of ined seedling rice and has necessitated nting, the drilling of at least 10,000 wells, military manpower to irrigation projects, of a "Central Drought Committee" by

All of North Vietnam's provinces have been affected. In many areas hit by the September 1955 typhoon, fresh water for irrigation is still not available.

An increase in Soviet bloc assistance to the area is suggested by a rise during February in deliveries of Burmese rice under the Soviet aid program.

(Prepared by ORR)

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4. INDONESIAN CABINET TO RESIGN 2 MARCH

dent Sukarno. Jus voted overwhelmin	The central committee of the party, which heads the Indon lition cabinet, decided on 23 that the cabinet should resign This decision has been reported before the decision, the congly in favor of Vice Chairman policies as opposed to those of the contract	esian coa- February n its man- ted to Presi- nmittee n Sukiman's
		the 23
policy during the f the timing of the d easier between the	ans that Sukiman will direct Mormation of the new government ecision to resign will make confident Masjumi on the one hand and and and latul Ulama on the other.	ent, and that o-operation

Comment

The new parliament is expected to be seated sometime between 10 and 20 March. The change in de facto Masjumi leadership would probably serve to increase the possibility of Masjumi participation in the next cabinet. Sukiman is personally more acceptable to the opposition National Party and the Nahdlatul Ulama and also to President Sukarno than is Natsir. He is also reported to be more skilled at political maneuvering.

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 ESIAN CHAR		SE

Comment Representatives of foreign governments in Peiping are almost unanimous in the opinion that there are no signs of policy divergence between the USSR and Communist China. Yugoslav officials, however, have usually emphasized that Peiping is relatively independent of Moscow and that the potential exists for an increase in China's freedom of action.

Despite the possibility that more direct participation by the USSR in Asian affairs rivals Peiping's bid for leadership in Asia, the Chinese Communists publicly supported the recent Soviet moves toward Asian countries. They publicized the concept of Chinese Communist-Soviet-Indian solidarity on international matters, identified the USSR as a member of the Asian community, and "welcomed" the offers of Soviet assistance to other Asian countries.

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DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH BRAZIL

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7. SOVIET EMBASSY OFFICIALS IN MEXICO TO MAKE SECOND TRIP TO SOUTH AMERICA

Ambassador Kulazhenkov and First Secretary Kazantsev of the Soviet embassy in Mexico City are scheduled to depart by air on 27 February for Argentina,

Comment

with Latin America.

The Argentine ambassador in Washington stated recently that the two Soviet representatives were planning an "immediate" four-day visit to Buenos Aires as guests of the Soviet ambassador there. The Soviet ambassadors may be planning to co-ordinate their efforts for future approaches on the diplomatic level to Latin American governments in support of Soviet premier Bulganin's public bid on 16 January for diplomatic and economic relations

Kulazhenkov and Kazantsev visited Ecuador two months ago on their first trip in Latin America outside of Mexico. They expressed interest in establishing diplomatic relations and reportedly made "attractive" offers of arms and economic assistance to the Velasco government.

THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION (Information as of 1700, 24 February)

An exchange of fire between Egyptian and Israeli patrols along the Gaza strip has been reported by Cairo. (Press)

Syrian chief of staff Shuqayr told the American army attache on 22 February that an agreement in principle has been reached with Czechoslovakia to supply arms. All that remains to be done is to select the types and quantities desired. Shuqayr said the total amount of money involved was not known but he believed Syria would get all the arms it needs.